HS 371 Human Anatomy

School of Health Care Professions University of Wisconsin - Stevens Point

Lecture:	Monday, Wednesday & Thursday 9:00-9:50			Room 146 HEC	
Labs:	Section 1 Section 2 Section 3	Monday Wednesday Thursday	10:00-11:50 10:00-11:50 2:00- 3:50	Room 116 HEC Room 116 HEC Room 116 HEC	
Instructor:	Rory Suomi, PhD, LPTA (#1197-19)Office: 118-B HECPhone: 346-2706: email: rsuomi@uwsp.edu				
Office hours:	Monday& Wednesday 12:00 – 1:00 pm, Thursday from 1:00 am to 2:00 pm, or Tuesday by appointment.				
Course description: (3 credits) This course is designed to help the student gain a functional understanding of the integumentary, skeletal, muscular, cardiorespiratory, & nervous systems of the human body.					
Course materials:Textbook:Marieb, Elaine, Mallatt, Jon & Wilhelm, Pat. <u>Human Anatomy</u> . 7th ed. (2014) San Francisco, CA: Pearson Benjamin Cummings.					
Lasture objectives					

Listed by chapter at the end of the syllabus. Lecture objectives:

Course expectations:

Students will be present at all examinations, lab quizzes & practicums. Make-up exams and quizzes will only be granted for excused absences. Please notify instructor in advance if you know you already have a conflict with one of the scheduled exams or quizzes. Make-ups must be done within 1 week of the scheduled exam. Laboratory equipment will be treated with respect and only used for learning purposes. If any damage occurs to the lab equipment due to mistreatment, the student may be responsible for the expense to replace it.

Attendance is taken, after 6 absences; 5 points will be deducted from your attendance points for each absence. At 12 absences 0 points will be earned. Labs count as double classes & you must have prior **permission** from the instructor to switch days. **Note**: switching lab days, may not be possible. Note: There is an alternative attendance policy option (contract) which will be explained during first 2 class meetings.

Student evaluation:	% of grade	Points
Four examinations (100, 140, 140, 120)	47.6 %	500 points
(last exam will be during finals week)		_
7 laboratory quizzes (20 points)	13.3 %	140 points
Lab Practicums (2 x 60 points)	11.4 %	120 points
Laboratory projects (9 x 25 points)	21.4 %	225 points
Attendance	6.3 %	65 points
Total		1050 points

Grading scale: The final letter grade will be awarded as follows (represents minimum points for grade):

A: 92-100% (\geq 966 points) **B-:** 80-81% (840-860.5) **A-:** 90-91% (945-965.5) **C+:** 77-79% (809-839.5) **B+:** 87-89% (914-944.5) **C:** 72-76% (756-808.5) **B:** 82-86% (861-913.5) **C-:** 70-71% (735-755.5) **D**+: 67-69% (704-734.5) **D:** 60-66% (630- 703.5) **F**: <60% or (<630))

Tentative Lecture Schedule Lectures meet in Room 146 HEC

Date	Lecture topic	Text Readings**:
09/02	Course overview/expectations. Levels of organ/and AT	ch1
09/03	Levels of organization and anatomical terminology (AT)	ch1
09/09	Levels of organization and anatomical terminology (AT)	ch1
09/10	Connective tissue and histology	ch. 4
09/14	Connective tissue and histology	ch. 4
09/16	Connective tissue – structure and function	ch. 4
09/17	Integumentary system	ch. 5
09/21	Integumentary system	ch. 5
09/23	Integumentary system	ch. 5
09/24	Integumentary system	ch. 5
09/28	Exam I (ch. 1,4,5,) In room 146 HEC 9:00am	
09/30	Review exam &Skeletal system – bone formation and structure	ch. 6
10/01	Bone formation & structure (cont) & Axial skeleton	ch. 7
10/05	Skeletal system- axial	ch. 7
10/07	Skeletal system- axial	ch. 7
10/08	Skeletal system- appendicular	ch. 8
10/12	Skeletal system- appendicular	ch. 8
10/14	Skeletal system- appendicular	ch. 8
10/15	Joints	ch 9
10/19	Joints	ch. 9
10/21	Joints	ch. 9
10/22	Joints	ch. 9
10/26	Muscle tissue	ch. 10
10/28	Muscle tissue Exam II {6,7,8,9) Science A121 (6-8:00pm)	ch. 10
10/29	Muscles	ch 11
11/02		01.11
11/02	Muscles	Ch 11
11/04	Review exam & Muscles	ch. 11
11/05	Muscles	ch. 11
11/09	Muscles	ch. 11
11/11	Muscles	ch. 11
11/12	Muscles	ch. 11
11/16	Heart	ch. 18
11/18	Heart	ch. 18
11/19	Heart	ch. 18
11/23	Heart	ch. 18
11/25	Muscle practicum	
11/30	Intro to CNS	ch 12
12/02	CNS Exam III (ch. 10,11,18) Science A121 (6-8:00pm)	ch. 12
12/03	CNS	ch 13
12/07	CNS	ch 13
12/09	Review exam III & CNS	ch. 13
12/10	CNS	ch. 13
12/14	CNS	ch. 13

Final exam (ch's 12,13)

Thursday, December 17th, 2:45 to 4:45

Tentative Laboratory Schedule

Meet in Room 116 HEC

Week	Week of:	Lat	Laboratory topic	
1	August 31 st	No Lab		
2	September 7 th	No lab		
3	September 14 th	Lab 1.	Orientation to the human body	
4	September 21 st	Lab 2	Tissue & Integumentary system	
5	September 28 th	No lab	(one hour lecture during lab time)	
6	October 5 th	Lab 3	(bone tissue and axial skeleton)	
7	October 12 th	Lab 4	Axial & Appendicular skeleton	
8	October 19 th	Lab 5	Joints	
9	October 26 th	Skeletal Pr	Skeletal Practicum	
10	November 2nd	Lab 6	Muscle tissue & muscles	
11	November 9 th	Lab 7	Muscles	
12	November 16 th	Lab 8	Heart	
13	November 23d	Muscle Pra	Muscle Practicum	
14	November 30 th	No Lab	(1 hour lecture) chapter 12	
15	December 7 th	Lab 9.	CNS (ch 12 & 13)	

** There may be additional readings and handouts given in class. If you miss class, you are responsible for getting a copy from a classmate.

Course Objectives

Chapter one : Orientation to the human body

- 1) _____ Students will be able to define anatomy & physiology and describe the subdivisions of anatomy.
- 2) Students will be able to name the levels of structural organization in the body and explain their relationships
- 3) ____ Students will be able to list the organ systems of the body and briefly state their functions.
- 4) ____ Students will be able to define the anatomical position
- 5) ____ Students will be able to use anatomical terminology to describe body directions, regions & planes.
- 6) ____ Students locate the major body cavities, their sub-divisions & the major organs contained within
- 7) ____ Students will be able to identify medical imaging techniques used to visualize internal structures.

Chapter four: Tissues

- 1) ____ Students will be able to define tissue and list the four main types of tissue in the body.
- 2) Students will be able to list the several functional and structural characteristics of epithelial tissue.
- 3) _____ Students will be able to describe apical, lateral and basal surface features of epithelia cells.
- 4) ____ Students will be able to define exocrine and endocrine glands.
- 5)____ Students will be able to describe several functional and structural characteristics of connective tissue.
- 6) ____ Students will be able to describe the types of connective tissue and their functions.
- 7) ____ Students will be to discuss the structure and function of mucous, serous & cutanenous membranes
- 8) ____ Students will be able to briefly describe the three types of muscle tissue

9) ____ Students will be able to describe the inflammatory and repair processes by which tissues recover from injury.

Chapter five : Integumentary system

- 1) ____ Students will be able to name the tissue types that compose the epidermis, dermis and hypodermis.
- 2) Students will be able to name & describe the functions of the major layers of the epidermis & dermis.
- 3) ____ Students will be able to describe the factors that contribute to skin color.
- 4)_____ Students will be able to list the parts of a hair and a hair follicle and explain the function of each part.
- 5) ____ Students will be able to compare the structure and function of oil and sweat glands.
- 6) ____ Students will be able to identify the structure of nails.
- 7)____ Students will be able to explain why serious burns are life-threatening and how burns are treated.
- 8) ____ Students will be able to differentiate between first, second and third degree burns.
- 9) Students will summarize the characteristics and warning signs of skin cancers, especially melanoma.
- 10____ Students will be able to explain the changes that occur in the skin from birth to old age.

Chapter six : Bones and skeletal tissues.

- 1) ____ Students will be able to locate the major cartilage elements of the adult human body, and explain the functional properties of cartilage tissue.
- 2) Students will be able to compare structure, functions & locations of the 3 types of cartilage tissue
- 3) ____ Students will be able to explain why bones can be considered organs.
- 4) ____ Students will be able to describe the main functions of the bony skeleton.
- 5)____ Students will be able to describe the gross anatomy of a typical long bone and typical flat bone.
- 6) Students will be able to discuss the chemical composition of bone tissue and the functions of its organic and inorganic parts.
- 7) Students will be able to explain endochondral ossification and how endochondral bones grow at their epiphyseal plates.
- 8) ____ Students will be able to discuss how bone tissue is remodeled within the skeleton.
- 9) ____ Students will be able to explain the steps in the healing of bone fractures.
- 10____ Students will be able to list some symptoms for specific disorders of bone.
- 11____ Students will be able to describe bone architecture and bone mass change with age.

Chapter seven : The axial skeleton

1) _____ Students will be able to define the axial skeleton and contrast it with the appendicular skeleton.

- 2) Students will be able to describe the various types of bony markings.
- 3) _____ Students will be able to name and identify the bones and important bony markings of the skull.
- 4) _____ Students will be able to discuss the location and function of the orbit, nasal cavity & paranasal sinuses.
- 5) Students will be able to describe the general structure of the vertebral column, and list its components.
- 6) Students will be able to discuss the structure of a typical vertebra, and briefly describe some of the special features of cervical, thoracic and lumbar vertebrae.
- 7)____ Students will be able to describe structural components of the ribs and sternum.
- 8) Students will be able to list 3 types of abnormal curvatures of the spinal column & explain spinal stenosis.
- 9) ____ Students will be able to describe how the axial skeleton changes with age.

Chapter eight : The appendicular skeleton

- 1) ____ Students will be able to name the basic parts of the appendicular skeleton.
- 2) Students will be able to identify bones/bony markings that comprise the pectoral girdle and explain their functions.
- 3) _____ Students will be able to describe the bones of the arm, forearm, wrist and hand.
- 4) ____ Students will be able to name the bones contributing to the hip bone.
- 5) ____ Students will be able to compare and contrast the male and female pelvis.
- 6) Students will be able to identify the bones of the lower limb and their important markings.
- 7) Name the three supporting arches of the foot and explain their importance.
- 8) ____ Students will be able to describe various disorders of the appendicular skeleton.
- 9) Students will be able to describe how limb length changes, relative to the length of the head and trunk, as we grow.

Chapter nine : Joints

- 1) ____ Students will be able to define joint, and classify joints by structure and by function.
- 2)____ Students will be able to describe the general structure of fibrous joints and provide examples of the 3 types.
- 3) ____ Students will be able to describe cartilaginous joints and provide examples of the two main types.
- 4)____ Students will be able to describe the structural characteristics shared by all synovial joints.
- 5) ____ Students will be able to explain how synovial joints function & what factors influence joint stability.
- 6) ____ Students will be able to name and describe the common types of body movements.

- 7)____ Students will be able to name six classes of synovial joints based on shape and the types of movement they allow.
- 8)____ Students will be able to describe the key features of the acromioclavicular, shoulder, elbow, hip, knee and ankle joints.
- 9) Students will be able to name the most common joint injuries & discuss problems associated with each.
- 10) ____ Students will be able to name and describe the main types of arthritis.
- 11) ____ Students will be able to explain how the function of joints change with aging.

Chapter 10 : Muscle tissue

- 1) ____ Students will be able to list 4 functional properties that distinguish muscle tissue from other tissues.
- 2) Students will be able to compare and contrast skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscle tissue.
- 3) _____ Students will be able to name the layers of connective tissue that occur in and around skeletal muscle.
- 4)_____ Students will be able to describe the bundle within bundle organization of skeletal muscle
- 5) ____ Students will be able to compare and contrast the three kinds of skeletal muscle fibers.
- 6) Students will be able to describe the capacity of regeneration of muscle tissue in comparison to other types of tissue.
- 7) Students will be able to explain symptoms of muscular dystrophy, myofascial pain syndrome and fibromyalgia.
- 8) ____ Students will be able to explain the changes that occur in skeletal muscle with age.

Chapter 11: Muscles of the body.

- 1) Students will be able to explain the three types of lever systems in which muscles participate, and indicate the arrangement of elements (effort, fulcrum & load) in each.
- 2) Students will be able to describe the functions of prime movers (agonist), antagonists, synergists & fixators.
- 3) ____ Students will be able to list the criteria used in naming muscles.
- 4) Students will be able to name and identify the major muscles listed in Tables 11.1 through Tables 11.16. and be able to state the general location and action(s) of each.

Chapter 19: The Heart

- 1) ____ Students will be able to describe the orientation & location of the heart in the thorax.
- 2) Students will be able to describe the layers of the pericardium and tissue layers of the heart wall.

- 3) ____ Students will be able to list the structural features of each heart chamber.
- 4) Students will be able to describe the path of a drop of blood through the 4 heart chambers and the systemic and pulmonary circuits.
- 5) ____ Students will be able to name the heart valves and describe their locations and functions.
- 6) Students will be able to name the components of the conducting system of the heart and describe the conduction pathway.
- 7) ____ Students will be able to describe the locations of the coronary arteries and cardiac veins of the heart
- 8) Students will be able to define coronary artery disease, heart failure, and atrial and ventricular fibrillation.
- 9) Students will be able to list some of the major effects of aging on the heart.

Chapter 12: Fundamentals of the Nervous System

- 1) ____ Students will be able to list the main functions of the nervous system
- 2) Students will be able to explain the structural and functional divisions of the nervous system
- 3) ____ Students will be able to define neuron, its structural components and their functional roles.
- 4) ____ Students will be able to classify neurons structurally and functionally.
- 5) Students will be able to list the six types of supporting cells in nervous tissue and distinguish them by function.
- 6) _____ Students will be able to define reflex and its basic components as well as list the components of a reflex arc consisting of a sensory neuron, interneuron and motor neuron and show how they relate to the basic organization of the nervous system.
- 7) ____ Students will be able to distinguish the role of gray matter from white matter in the CNS.
- 8) ____ Students will be able to describe how multiple sclerosis relates to myelin & axon function.

Chapter 13: Central Nervous System

- 1) Students will be able to identify the 4 major parts of the adult brain.
- 2) Students will be able to name the major lobes, fissures and functional areas of the cerebral cortex.
- 3) ____ Students will be able to name the three classes of fiber tracts in white matter of the cerebrum.
- 4)____ Students will be able to describe the structure and functions of the diencephalon.
- 5)_____ Students will be able to identify the three basic subdivisions of the brain stem and their function.
- 6) ____ Students will be able to describe the structure and functions of the cerebellum
- 7) Students will be able to explain how the meninges, cerebrospinal fluid and the blood-brain barrier protect the CNS.

- 8)____ Students will be able to explain the formation of cerebrospinal fluid and describe its pattern of circulation.
- 9) ____ Students will be able to describe the gross structure of the spinal cord, and arrangement of gray and white matter.
- 10____ Students will be able to describe signs/symptoms of concussions, brain contusions, strokes, Alzheimer's disease.
- 11____ Students will be able to explain the effects of severe injuries to the spinal cord.
- 12____ Students will be able to describe specific CNS congenital disorders.